IPS Principles/EDI Crosswalk	
IPS Supported Employment Practices and Principles	Cultural Diversity Impacts within the IPS Principles
Zero Exclusion: People are not excluded based on diagnosis, homelessness, legal system involvement, level of disability, past or lack of work history, perceived readiness, psychiatric hospitalizations, substance use history, nor symptoms.	<ul> <li>Job seekers come from various cultural backgrounds.</li> <li>Employment and mental health are view differently within different cultural</li> <li>Services available and accessible regardless of any language barriers or other cultural concerns</li> <li>Decisions of when a person is removed from a caseload are not related to cultural barriers; different races, ethnicities, or genders may present the same psychiatric symptoms in different ways</li> <li>Implicit bias, some diagnoses are more common for some races/genders/etc. than others</li> </ul>
Competitive Employment: Jobs anyone can apply for, pay at least minimum wage/same pay as coworkers with similar duties and have no artificial time limits imposed by the social service agency.	<ul> <li>Some industries may try to hire immigrant workers without documentation or protections</li> <li>Watch for discrimination in pay levels by race, gender, etc.</li> <li>Do job seekers of diverse backgrounds understand what competitive employment is. This would include commensurate wages, benefits, and opportunities for promotion.</li> <li>Help the job seekers see their full potential and what their value is vs. just what jobs/skills/pay they are aware of.</li> <li>Ensuring that job seeker understand what their job duties include.</li> <li>Look at career pathways for each job seeker as part of the IPS process.</li> </ul>
Integrated Services: IPS models are integrated with mental health treatment teams. Employment specialist attached to one or two mental health treatment teams, discuss their caseloads and provide mutual support and wraparound care.	<ul> <li>Encouraging cultural understanding among coworkers, not just with clients</li> <li>make sure all staff share client cultural issues during staffing so they are handled consistently by other staff during vacations, sick days, etc.</li> <li>Employment Specialist model culturally sensitive person center thinking and planning practices. This will foster self-determination and shared decision making between job seeker and their providers.</li> </ul>
Benefits Planning: Employment Specialist helps people obtain personalized, understandable, and accurate information about their Social Security, Medicaid, and other government benefits.	<ul> <li>Ensure that benefits info, both written and verbal, can be translated into any language needed, no matter the source (C-WIC, SSA office, educational presentation, etc.)</li> <li>be careful not to make assumptions about a client's beliefs regarding benefits just because of their identity</li> <li>make sure veterans know about how work can impact their military benefits.</li> <li>Look at all government benefit that they may receive is looked at and how work will impact that. (Food share, housing, disability)</li> </ul>
Rapid Job Search: IPS models use a rapid job search approach to help job seekers obtain jobs rather than assessments, training, & counseling. The first	<ul> <li>Continue to provide individualized services and go at the pace of the job seeker.</li> <li>Understand what is culturally important to them before making an initial job contact.</li> </ul>

face-to-face contact with the business occurs within 30 days.	
Systematic Job Development: Employment specialists systematically visit employers, who are selected based on the job seeker's preferences, to learn about their business needs and hiring preferences.	<ul> <li>training for ESs on approaching businesses in neighborhoods whose culture is different than their own</li> <li>Looking at culture of the business and how that matches up with the job seeker.</li> <li>Research the companies' values and community impact statements. Does the companies have DEI plans listed on their website.</li> <li>You may have to provider cultural sensitivity training, accessibility training, or disability etiquette training.</li> </ul>
Time-Unlimited Supports: Job supports are individualized and continue for as long as each worker wants and needs the support. Employment Specialist have face to face contact at least monthly.	<ul> <li>Understanding that some cultures may lean towards valuing either quick progress or slow, careful progress</li> <li>Some cultures value independence (interdependence) over asking for help</li> <li>Ensure we are discussing cultural difference in learning.</li> <li>What is the view on family involvement</li> </ul>
Worker Preference:  IPS services are based on each job seeker's preferences and choices rather than the employment specialist's and supervisor's judgments.	<ul> <li>Don't automatically assume that a client holds the same values or traits as others from their culture</li> <li>ask clients about any possible preferences related to their identity (such as LGBTQ+ friendly businesses, ADA accessibility for those with physical disabilities, etc.)</li> <li>Culture preferences and directly relate to job satisfaction and performance.</li> </ul>